

### ***Amendments to the Claims***

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for optimizing the transmission of TCP/IP traffic between a cable modem and a cable modem termination system (CMTS) in across a DOCSIS network, comprising the steps of:

(a) determining whether the CMTS supports a dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol; and

(b) if the CMTS does support the dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol, then:

(~~a~~) (i) transmitting fields in a first protocol header of a first TCP protocol packet from the cable modem,[[;]]

(~~b~~) (ii) suppressing a redundant field[[s]] in a second protocol header[[s]] of a subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]], and

(~~e~~) (iii) transmitting a delta-encoded value for each non-redundant field in said second protocol header[[s]] of said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]], wherein said delta-encoded value represents a change in value from said a respective non-redundant field in said first protocol header of a previous said first TCP protocol packet.

2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step (~~a~~) (i) further comprises the step of transmitting said first TCP protocol packet with an indicator, wherein said indicator indicates that said first TCP protocol packet is to be learned.

3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step ~~(a)~~ (i) further comprises the step of transmitting said first TCP protocol packet in its entirety and transmitting said subsequent protocol header[[s]] in a compressed format.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] ~~begin with~~ includes a bitmapped change byte, wherein bits in said bitmapped change byte indicate ~~which of said~~ at least one non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header that has said delta encoded value.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

~~(d)~~ (iv) enabling a receiver to learn said first TCP protocol packet[[;]],

~~(e)~~ (v) enabling a receiver to restore said suppressed redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header[[s]] of said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] using said first TCP protocol packet[[;]],

~~(f)~~ (vi) enabling a receiver to restore ~~said a~~ a non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header[[s]] of said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] using said respective delta-encoded value[[s;]], and

~~(g)~~ (vii) enabling a receiver to ~~place~~ provide said restored second protocol header in front of ~~any~~ corresponding received data for transmission over an Internet Protocol network.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, further comprising the steps of:

(d) (iv) enabling a receiver to read said bitmapped change byte[[]],

(e) (v) enabling a receiver to retrieve said delta encoded value[[s]] using said bitmapped change byte[[]],

(f) (vi) enabling a receiver to update said ~~non-recurring~~ respective non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header using said delta-encoded value[[s]],  
and

(g) (vii) enabling a receiver to restore said second protocol header to its original format.

7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 6, further comprising the step of ~~placing~~ providing said restored second protocol header in front of ~~any~~ corresponding received data for transmission over an Internet Protocol network.

8. (Currently Amended) A method for ~~sending~~ receiving packets ~~over a TCP/IP transmission medium by a cable modem termination system (CMTS) from a cable modem in a DOCSIS network~~, comprising the steps of:

(a) receiving a message from the cable modem indicating support for a dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol; and

(b) if the CMTS supports the dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol, then:

(a) (i) receiving fields in a first protocol header of a first TCP protocol packet from the cable modem,~~[[s]]~~

(b) (ii) receiving an indication that a redundant suppressed field~~[[s]]~~ in ~~said~~ a second protocol header~~[[s]]~~ of a subsequent TCP protocol packet~~[[s]]~~ is suppressed,~~[[s]]~~ and

(c) (iii) receiving a delta-encoded value for each non-redundant field in said second protocol header~~[[s]]~~ of said subsequent TCP protocol packet~~[[s]]~~, wherein said delta-encoded value represents a change in value from ~~said~~ a respective non-redundant field in said first protocol header of ~~a previous~~ said first TCP protocol packet.

9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8, wherein step (a) (i) further comprises the step of receiving an indicator with said first TCP protocol packet, wherein said indicator indicates that said first TCP protocol packet is to be learned.

10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8, wherein said subsequent TCP protocol packet~~[[s]]~~ includes a bitmapped change byte, wherein bits in said bitmapped change byte indicate ~~which of said~~ at least one non-redundant field~~[[s]]~~ in said second protocol header that has said delta encoded value~~[[s]]~~.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8, further comprising the steps of:

(d) learning said first TCP protocol packet;

(e) using learned information from said first TCP protocol packet to reconstruct said suppressed field[[s]] in said second protocol header of ~~a current~~ said subsequent TCP protocol packet; and

(f) using ~~the subsequent~~ said first TCP protocol packet to reconstruct ~~said a~~ non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header of said ~~present~~ subsequent TCP protocol packet.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, further comprising the step of restoring said ~~present~~ subsequent TCP protocol packet to its original format and transmitting said ~~present~~ subsequent TCP protocol packet over an Internet Protocol network.

13. (Currently Amended) A computer program product comprising a computer useable medium including control logic stored therein, said control logic for optimizing the transmission of TCP/IP traffic between a cable modem and a cable modem termination system (CMTS) in across a DOCSIS network, said control logic comprising:

first means for enabling a processor to determine whether the CMTS supports a dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol; and

second means for enabling a processor, if the CMTS does support the dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol, to

~~first means for enabling a processor to~~ transmit fields in a first protocol header of a first TCP protocol packet[[;]].

~~means for enabling a processor to~~ suppress a redundant field[[s]] in a second protocol header[[s]] of a subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]], and

~~second means for enabling a processor to~~ transmit a delta-encoded value for each non-redundant field in said second protocol header[[s]] of said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]], wherein said delta-encoded value represents a change in value from said a respective non-redundant field in said first protocol header of ~~a previous~~ said first TCP protocol packet.

14. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 13, wherein said ~~first~~ second ~~means for enabling a processor to transmit~~ further comprises means for enabling a processor to transmit said first TCP protocol packet with an indicator, wherein said indicator indicates that said first TCP protocol packet is to be learned.

15. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 13, wherein said ~~first~~ second ~~means for enabling a processor to transmit~~ further comprises means for enabling a processor to transmit said first TCP protocol packet in its entirety and transmit said subsequent protocol header[[s]] in a compressed format.

16. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 13, wherein said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] ~~begin with~~ includes a bitmapped change byte, wherein bits in said bitmapped change byte indicate ~~which of said~~ at least

one non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header that has said delta encoded value.

17. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 13, further comprising:

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to learn said first TCP protocol packet;

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to restore said suppressed redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header[[s]] of said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] using said first TCP protocol packet;

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to restore ~~said~~ a non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header[[s]] of said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] using said respective delta-encoded value[[s]]; and

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to ~~place~~ provide said restored second protocol header in front of any corresponding received data for transmission over an Internet Protocol network.

18. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 16, further comprising:

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to read said bitmapped change byte[[;]],

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to retrieve said delta encoded value[[s]] using said bitmapped change byte[[;]].

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to update said ~~non-recurring~~ non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header using said delta-encoded value[[s;]], and

means for enabling a processor to enable a receiver to restore said second protocol header to its original format.

19. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 18, further comprising means for enabling a processor to ~~place~~ provide said restored second protocol header in front of any corresponding received data for transmission over an Internet Protocol network.

20. (Currently Amended) A computer program product comprising a computer useable medium including control logic stored therein, said control logic for enabling packets to be ~~sent received over a TCP/IP transmission medium by a cable~~ modem termination system (CMTS) from a cable modem in a DOCSIS network, said control logic comprising:

first means for enabling a processor to receive a message from the cable modem indicating support for a dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol;  
and

second means for enabling a processor, if the CMTS supports the dynamic delta encoding header suppression protocol, to

~~first means for enabling a processor to~~ receive fields in a first protocol header of a first TCP protocol packet from the cable modem,[[;]]



~~second means for enabling a processor to receive~~ an indication  
that a redundant suppressed field[[s]] ~~in said a second~~ protocol header[[s]] of a  
subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] is suppressed[[;]] and

~~third means for enabling a processor to receive~~ a delta-encoded  
value for each non-redundant field in said second protocol header[[s]] of said  
subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]], wherein said delta-encoded value  
represents a change in value from said a respective non-redundant field in said  
first protocol header of ~~a previous~~ said first TCP protocol packet.

21. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 20,  
wherein said ~~first~~ second ~~means for enabling a processor to receive~~ further comprises  
means for enabling a processor to receive an indicator with said first TCP protocol  
packet, wherein said indicator indicates that said first TCP protocol packet is to be  
learned.

22. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 20,  
wherein said subsequent TCP protocol packet[[s]] includes a bitmapped change byte,  
wherein bits in said bitmapped change byte indicate ~~which of said~~ at least one non-  
redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header that has said delta encoded value[[s]].

23. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 20, further  
comprising:

means for enabling a processor to learn said first TCP protocol packet;

means for enabling a processor to use learned information from said first TCP protocol packet to reconstruct said suppressed field[[s]] in said second protocol header of ~~a-current~~ said subsequent TCP protocol packet; and

means for enabling a processor to use ~~the-subsequent~~ said first TCP protocol packet to reconstruct ~~said a~~ non-redundant field[[s]] in said second protocol header of said ~~present~~ subsequent TCP protocol packet.

24. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim 23, further comprising means for enabling a processor to restore said ~~present~~ subsequent TCP protocol packet to its original format and transmit said ~~present~~ subsequent TCP protocol packet over an Internet Protocol network.